Seat No				En	rolment No		
		M.Sc. SUR	RFACE COAT	/IDYAMANDA ING TECHNOLO REGULAR) EXAM	GY - SEMES		
Cou	rse C	ode(s): 1014	70201				
Cou	rse Ti	tle: TECHNO	DLOGY OF R	RESINS FOR SUR	FACE COA	TINGS - I	
Tota	l Prin	ted Pages :	02				
Date:	05/05	/2022	Time: 0	2:00 PM to 04:00 PM	VI	Maximum Marks	: 60
Instru	ctions:						
•		ot all questions.	iooto full marka for	r anch quartien			
•			licate full marks for ons wherever nece				
Q. 1	,,,,,,,,		llowing MCQ's	,	• .		(12)
-	- 1	is a ı	resin secreted b	y the Laccifer lacca, o	on trees in the	forests of India and	
		Thailand					
			Dammar (c) Man				
	2.	· ·	tent (> 10%) in (	Coal Tar which is carci	nogenic. What is	s the full form of	
		PAH?		/b \ D	. b 18 18   b 18		
				rbon (b) Po			
	•			arbon (d) Po ght of Bitumen is		ocarbon	
	3.		-	c) 1500 to 2500 (d) 25			
	4.	· ·	• •	per in chain stop alkyd			
	т.			cid (c) Phthalic Acid (d			
	5.			generally used as plast		NC system?	
	٠.		DCO 51 (c) DR-5			•	
	6.			olyester / Diisocyanate	system with acc	eptable self-life by	
		using the techr	nique hindering th	ne isocyanate.			
		(a) HDI (b) Car	dura E-10 (c) Ve	oVa -10 (d) Caprolactu	um		
	7.			ents of Saturated Polye			
				d Polyester (c) Polyiso			
	8.			, the amount of			
		• •		a molar basis, which in	fluences the cro	ss linking and	
		•	opertied of final r				
		(a) Maleic Anh	•	• •	c Anhydride		
	_	(c) Phthalic An		• •	tc Anhydride		
	9.			nsaturated polyester re		rene	
	40			equinone (c) 4-tert-Buty commended during end			
	10.			tion (c) De-esterification		ng or Acryllo resili.	
	11.			-functional monomer?	211 (a) 111111011013		
	11.	AATHOU OF THE IC	MOTTHIS IS EPUNY				

(c) GMA

(b) HEMA

highly \_\_\_\_ conditions.

(a) 1.74: 1 and Alkaline

(c) 0.89: 1 and Alkaline

(a) HEA

(d) Acrylic Acid

(b) 1.75:1 and Acidic

(d) 0.85:1 and Acidic

12. Resole are prepared using an F: P ratio of about \_\_\_\_and reaction is brought about under

Q. 2	(1) (2) (3) (4)	Why rosin cannot be used as such alone in coating and require modification.  Differentiate between Natural Gum and Natural Resin  Differentiate between Bitumen and Coal Tar				(16)		
	(6) (7) (8) (9) (10)	2. Epoxy Mo 3. Acrylated 4. Polyamid Write a brief List out differ List out differ Describe the	ence betwee ent phenolic reaction con	Resin  yd Resin  kyd Resin  Feed Solutio  n Thermopla  compounds  dition in synt	b. Heat and \ c. Adhesion a d. Surface dr n Polymerizati stic and Therm that can be use hesis of two gr	c and non-dripping proposed and Corrosion Resistance proposed and Corrosion Resistancy and Hardness on Process for acrylic mosetting acrylic. The synthesis of phenoades of phenolic resin. Benzoguanamine.	operties nce properties monomers. olic resin.	
Q. 3		Explain the properties an	-	esole and R	osin Modified	Phenolic resin (RMP)	along with its	(08)
Q. 3		Describe the Resin along v	_		in. Write a not	e on making of Rosin N	Modified Maleic	(08)
Q. 4	·	Calculate R, Hydroxyl Vali	•		kyd resin. ients il hydride	h, % Yield, Initial Acid Weight (in Gms) 32 42 26	Value and	(08)
Q. 4		List physical modified alky	•		•	sins. Explain in detail	l Urethane	(80)
Q. 5		With a neat s Describe the	•	•	•	the production of Poly	ester resin.	(08)
Q. 5					following <u>any I</u>	<i>Four</i> in Polyester cook denser Flooding (e) Lo	ong Processing	(08)
Q. 6		Write the Adv				Polymerization techni	que used for	(80)
Q. 6	٠	Write the fac resins. Write		-		ed for Alkylation's in m	aking of Amino	(08)
			<del></del>	***	******			

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## THE CHARUTAR VIDYAMANDAL UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. SURFACE COATING TECHNOLOGY – SEMESTER II MAY 2022 (REGULAR) EXAMINATION

Course Code(s): 101470202

Course Title: Chemistry and Technology of Organic Pigments, High Performance Pigment,

**Additives & Solvents** 

Tota	Prin	ited Pages : 02
Date:	06/05	/2022 Time: 02:00 PM to 04:00 PM Maximum Marks: 60
Instruction of the control of the co	Attemp Number	pt all questions. ers to the right indicate full marks for each question. suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Answer the following MCQ's
	1.	Arylamide Yellow Pigment prepared from coupling agent
		(a) β Naphthol (b) Acetoacetate arylamide (c) β naphthoic acid (d) β oxy naphthol
	2.	Bromine Index indicates the properties of, which may cause detoriation of solvent on
		storage.
		(a) Saturation (b) Unsaturation (c) Contaminants (d) Purity
	3.	is an Auxiliary Drier.
		(a) Iron (b) Manganese (c) Cerium (d) Zinc
	4.	Drier mechanism suggests a good rule to add drieranti skinning.
		(a) After (b) Along with (c) Before (d) Never add
	5.	Pick the odd one with respect to rheology modifier used in coatings.
		(a) Gloss (b) Pigment Suspension (c) Viscosity Build up (d) Sag Control
	6.	Silicone additive with molecular weight (60 > X > 100) is used asadditive.
		(a) Flow control (b) Slip Agent (c) Defoamer (d) Hammer finish
	7.	Which pigment should not be used in sulphur environment?
		(a) Phthalo Blue (b) Lead Chrome (c) Benzidine Yellow (d) Azo Red Pigment
	8.	Which solvents have most poor hydrogen bonding?
		(a) Ketones (b) Esters (c) Alcohols (d) Hydrocarbons
	9.	Controlled flocculating additives in paint use for
		(a) Increase gloss (b) Reduce sagging (c) Increase dispersion (d) Reduce craters
	10.	Napthol 'AS' is prepared from
		(a) β oxynaphthoic acid (b) C Acid (c) Tobias Acid (d) P-nitroaniline
	11.	Increased solvency results in viscosity at the same solid content.
		(a) Lower (b) Higher (c) Same (d) None of these
	12.	Which will not act as plasticizers
		(a) Dibutyl sebacate (b) Dioctyl adipate (c) Chlorinated Biphenyls (d) Tributyl octate

Q. 2		Answer the following Short question ( <u>Any Eight</u> )	(16)
	(1)	What is Flooding & Floating?	
	(2)	How plasticizer reduces intermolecular forces?	
*	(3)	For which primary reason most organic pigments are considered transparent?	
	(4)	Write about cobalt metal as drier.	
	(5)	Write structure of Indanthrone Blue & Violet 19.	
	(6)	Classify Solvents by its solvency behaviour.	
	(7)	What are the advantages of Solvents that evaporates quickly?	
	(8)	Write about Zirconium metal as drier.	
	(9)	What is 'Gibbs elasticity'?	
	(10)	500 gms of resin solution of 60 % solid content, how much (in gms) solvent required	
Q. 3		Why driers are not used in Latex Paints? Give detailed composition of Drier. Write all three manufacturing process of drier in details.	(80)
		OR	
Q. 3	a.	Discuss about Wetting & Dispersing Agent for Water based & Solvent based coatings.	(04)
	b.	What is Foam? How Foam is stabilized? What are the basic requirements of Defoamers?	(04)
Q. 4		Give Chemistry of Silicon additive as 'Surface additive'. What is Intercoat adhesion? How silicone affects Intercoat adhesion?	(80)
		OR	
Q. 4	·	What are Solvents? Explain theory of solvency giving suitable formula. Explain solvency of two solvents with suitable example & Graph.	(08)
Q. 5		Write in details about Arylamide Yellow & Toluidine Red Pigment.	(08)
		OR	
Q. 5		Write short note on	(08)
		(1) Diarylide Yellow & Pyrazolone orange	
		(2) Azo bona - Toners	
Q. 6		What is 'Plasticizers'? Write its important properties. List the important characteristics of	(08)
		coatings which can be improved by using Plasticizers.	
		OR	
Q. 6		Write in details about Phthalocyanine Blue & Phthalocyanine Green Pigments.	(08)
		大大大 大大 大大 大大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大 大	

		THE CHARUTAR V M.Sc. SURFACE COA May 2022 (	VIDYA MANDA TING TECHNOLO REGULAR) EXAM	GY – SEMESTER II		
Cour	rse Co	ode(s): 101470203				
Cour	rse Ti	tle: Coating Properties &	Analysis of Coating			
Tota	l Prin	ted Pages: 02				
	07/05	2022 Time	e: 02.00 PM to 04.00 PM	Maximum	Marks: 60	
Instruction of the second of t	Atten Numb	pt all questions. ers to the right indicate full marks for suitable assumptions wherever neces Answer the following MCQ'	sary.		(12)	
	1.	Hegmann gage test is used to	find	,		
		a) Fineness of Dispersion b)	Viscosity c) % NVM d)	None		
	2.	Viscosity by Stormer viscome	ter is reported in	units		
		(a) Poise (b) Stokes (c) Krebs	s (d) Second			
	3. •	DFT can be estimated from	estimated from using the following equation.			
		(a) DFT= $(100 \times \text{WVS})/\text{WFT}$	(b) DFT=(W	/FT)/(100%VS)		
		( <b>S</b> ) DFT= (WFT x %VS)/100	(d) DFT=(T	C x %VS)/100		
	4.	In Ford Cup B4 the given qua	ntity of paint is allowed t	pass through a fixed size of		
		Orifice i.e to determine	its viscosity.			
		(a) 0.4 mm (b) 4 mm (c) 4 cm	(d) 40 cm			
	5.	%PVC in paint means		·		
		(a) % of Polyvinyl chloride		(b) Mass of pigment		
		(c) Volume of pigment w.r.t to	o volume of resin	(d) None		
	6.	In paint can settling is observe	ed due to			
		(a) Difference in specific grav	ity of pigment and resin			
		(b) Not using suitable and app	propriate dose of dispersing	g agent		
		(c) Both a & b				
		(d) None				
	7.	is the test which r	eproduces the damage ca	used by sunlight, rain and dew.		
		(a) Humidity Test	(b) Condensat	on Test		
		(c) Prohesion Test	(d) QUV Acc	elerated UV Test		
	8.	In dillant flow liquids, viscos	ity will	,		

(a) Increase (b) Decrease (c) Remains same (d) None

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	9.	In cross-cut test, 0 B rating indicates % area affected.	
		a) Greater than 65% b) 35-65% c) less than 5% d) No area affected.	
	10.	Which of the following is used to find WFT of coating?	
		a) Inmont Gage b) Comb Gage c) Both a & b d) Ultrasonic Gage	
	11.	For long term durability test, coating is to be scrutinized against	
		a) Heat b) Moisture c) Chemicals d) All	
	12.	is the test which reproduces the damage caused by marine water.	
		(a) Humidity Test (b) Condensation Test	
		(c) Prohesion Test (d) Salt spray test	
Q. 2		Answer the following Short question (Any eight)	(16)
	(1)	List out different test to determine viscosity.	
	(2)	Describe full form of 1) SSPC 2) ASTM	
	(3)	Classify different hardness measurement test used in coating.	
	(4)	What is rheology?	
	(5)	What is the significance of %PVC in paint?	
	(6)	Classify type's hardness test in coatings.	
	(7)	List out destructive methods to measure DFT of coatings.	•
	(8)	If volume solid of paint is 50%, and applied WFT is 50μ, calculate DFT.	
	(9)	Define Newtonian and non-Newtonian liquid.	
	(10)	Classify types of rotating viscometer.	
Q. 3		Describe the WFT measurements by Inmont Gage and Comb Gage.	(08)
		OR	
Q. 3		i) Describe viscosity measurement by ford cup B4.	(04)
		ii) Describe in detail about Gardner Bubble Tube for measuring viscosity of resin.	(04)
Q. 4		Define Hardness: Describe in detail Pendulum hardness method.	(08)
		OR	
Q. 4		i) Write a note on impact resistance test.	(04)
		ii) Describe the conical mandrel test to check for elasticity of coatings.	
Q. 5		Write a note on Dolly Pull of adhesion test.	
		OR	
Q. 5		Describe Salt spray test in details.	
Q. 6		Describe Humidity Test.	
		OR	
Q. 6		Write a note on Orange Peel and Pinhole defects.	